

## Revision Year 2, 1<sup>st</sup> semester (Population, Settlements, Agriculture)

### *Population*

1. Describe structure of population according to gender.
2. What were reasons for concentration of population in the past?
3. What is the number of inhabitants living in the world nowadays?
4. What is the literacy rate?
5. Which continent is the most populous?
6. Which continent is the least populous?
7. Define the term population density.
8. What is the average population density for the whole world?
9. What is the average population density of Slovakia?
10. Which areas of the world are the most densely populated?
11. Which areas of the world are the most sparsely populated?
12. Locate 3 populous countries on the map of Asia.
13. Why do women exceed men population in developed countries?
14. Draw and describe progressive population pyramid and give an example of country.
15. Draw and describe stationary population pyramid and give an example of country.
16. Draw and describe regressive population pyramid and give an example of country.
17. Outline the distribution of white race.
18. Outline the distribution of yellow race.
19. Outline the distribution of black race.
20. Which language family is the largest one?
21. Give 3 examples of languages within Slavic language group.
22. Give 3 examples of languages within Germanic language group.
23. Give 3 examples of languages within Romanic language group.
24. Which nations are the most populous?
25. Outline the distribution of Christianity in the world.
26. Give 2 examples of typical Roman Catholic.
27. Give 2 examples of typical Protestant countries.
28. Outline the distribution of Islam in the world.
29. Give 2 examples of typical Muslim countries.
30. Which country is Hindu?
31. Where can we find Buddhists mostly?
32. Define the birth rate.
33. What is the average birth rate for the whole world?
34. Define the death rate.
35. What is the average death rate for the whole world?
36. Give 2 examples of factors influencing death rate.
37. Define the population growth rate.
38. What is the difference between natural increase and natural decrease of a population?
39. Explain the term natural increase of population and give 2 examples of country
40. Explain the term natural decrease of population and give 2 examples of country
41. Explain the demographic principle of war.
42. Assign suitable state like example to the following characteristics:  
BR = 50 ‰, DR = 25 ‰  
BR = 38 ‰, DR = 17 ‰  
BR = 10 ‰, DR = 12 ‰
43. What is the difference between migration and commuting?
44. What characteristics do we study to the mechanical movement of population?
45. What is the difference between temporary and permanent migration?
46. Draw and describe the difference between immigration and emigration in a region.
47. Who are emigrants?
48. Who are immigrants?
49. Give 2 positive factors influencing migration.

50. Give 2 negative factors influencing migration.

### **Settlements**

51. What is a settlement?
52. What is the difference between a municipality, town and city?
53. Explain the difference between mono-functional and poly-functional settlements.
54. Give 3 advantages of you living in a village.
55. Give 3 disadvantages of you living in a village.
56. Give 3 advantages of you living in a town/city.
57. Give 3 disadvantages of you living in a town/city.
58. Explain the difference between a progressive and regressive settlement.
59. Which cities are the largest in the world? Give 3 examples.
60. Which city is the largest in Europe?
61. What are main functions of urban areas?
62. Give 2 examples of village with more than 2,000 inhabitants but without the status of a town.
63. Describe 4 main characteristics of urban areas.
64. Give 2 examples of urban areas in Žilina district.
65. What is the main function of rural areas?
66. Describe 4 main characteristics of rural areas.
67. Give 2 examples of rural areas in Žilina district.
68. Describe the process of urbanization.
69. Why do people migrate to urban areas?
70. What is urbanization rate?
71. What is counter-urbanization?
72. Why do people move from urban to rural areas? Give 3 examples of these reasons.

### **Agriculture**

73. Define the term *agriculture*:
74. Agriculture employs major part of population in:
  - o economically less developed countries (developing world)
  - o economically developed, modern countries (developed world)
75. Explain the meaning of arable farming:
76. Explain the meaning of pastoral farming:
77. Explain the meaning of mixed farming:
78. Explain the meaning of intensive farming:
79. Explain the meaning of extensive farming:
80. Explain the meaning of commercial farming:
81. Explain the meaning of subsistence farming:
82. What is divided agriculture according to main types of activities?
83. Vegetable production is divided into 3 groups:
84. Translate following terms:
  - dairy farm - .....
  - sugar beet - .....
  - raw materials - .....
  - cotton - .....
85. Von Thunen's Land Use model is
  - a) analytical model of the relation between agricultural markets, production and distance
  - b) astronomic model of the relation between the sun, soil type and agricultural production
  - c) analytical model of the relation between specialisation, technology and agricultural machinery
86. Draw and label a simple scheme of von Thunen's Land Use model:
87. What is significance of agriculture?
88. What is significance of forestry?