

5. ročník – Vocabulary list

Climatic (vegetation) zones, temperature, humidity, precipitations, altitude, equator, savannah, desert, temperate zone, mid-latitude areas (regions), permafrost, slums, cyclone, tornado, jet-stream, breeze, wave refraction, fjord, soil type, tundra, taiga (coniferous forest), temperate deciduous forest, temperate grassland, mediterranean, tropical rainforest, savanna grassland, wet and dry season, cross-section, drought-resistant bush, xerophytes, cuticle, tree line, deforestation, desertification, convectional thunderstorms, soil erosion, monoculture, artificial fertilisers, ploughing directly downslope, terrace, climate change, global warming, greenhouse effect, ozone layer, Sahel, ecosystem, mineral prospector, soil fertility, ocean currents, prevailing winds, trade winds, infiltration, percolation, soil moisture, groundwater flow, floods, waterborne diseases, dam, abrasion, deposition, market, capital, agglomeration effects, human development index, urban population, gross national product, gross domestic product, national debt, trading bloc, fair trade, congestion, gridlock, links, nodes, transport corridor, highway corridor, electrification, time-space convergence, accessibility, density, city stress, benefits, profits and losses, mass production, mass transport, reindustrialization, postindustrialization, deindustrialization, labourforce (workforce), transport network, low-road economics, high-road economics, low/mid-tech, high-tech (knowledge-based) industries, science parks, business parks, industrial estates, origin of import, destination of export, urban growth, urban factors, urban (dis)advantages, paved roads, small and medium enterprises (SME), region's structure, location, manufacturing sector, rationalization, restructuring, inner city, transport costs, labour costs, market saturation, trade restrictions, flexibility, fordism, postfordism, competition, growth axis, growth pole, multinational corporations (MNC) – transnational corporation (TNC), sulphur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, pH scale, contaminated land, free trade areas, regional inequalities, problem regions, growth regions, cumulative causation, regional aid, core and periphery, regional policy, Industrial Development Certificate (IDC), Office Development Permit (ODP), industrial districts, flexible specialization, sub-contracting, regional specialization, special economic zones, poverty, gender differences, malnutrition, infant mortality rate, stages of growth, top-down, bottom-up, sustainable development, diversity, stable, industrial revolution, economic recession, (un)employment, NAFTA, OPEC, OECD, orography, Hindu Kush range, Rocky mountains, Tibet plateau, Newly Industrializing Countries (NICs), ecosystem, zoocoenosis, phytocoenosis, climatic conditions, map scale, map principle, cartographic projections, radius of Earth, geographic coordinates, latitude, longitude, distance, central business district (CBD), suburbs, inner city, central place theory, flooding, landforms, ocean deeps, continental shelves, granitic crust, basaltic crust, mantle, subduction zones, collision zones, island arcs, limestone, sandstone, flow, slide, slumps, avalanches, river regime, equilibrium, helicoidal flow, destructive/constructive wave, cambering, nivation, carbonation, fluvial activity, accumulation, crystallization, ... **(202 words)**