60. Types and forms of tourism

Types of tourism
- according to time period
  - short-term (up to 3 days)
  - long-term (>7 days)
- according to way of organization
  - organized (by travel agency)
  - individual (families on their own)
- according to place of destination
  - international tourism (prevails on Europe)
  - domestic tourism (prevails in large countries – USA, Canada)
- according to direction of tourist flows
  - incoming tourism
  - outgoing tourism

Forms of tourism
= many forms of tourism classified by typical features of spending time in the destination

Seaside tourism
- recreation by the sea, water sports (swimming, rowing, sailing, surfing, windsurfing)

Mountain tourism
- mountain hiking, climbing, biking

Sport tourism
- winter sports – skiing, snowboarding, cross-country skiing
- summer sports, extreme sports (rafting, paragliding, sky diving, etc.)
- sport events (world championships)

Cultural tourism
- historical sites, buildings and monuments
- places of historical events, e.g. battles (Waterloo), catastrophes (Pompeii)

Health tourism
- spas, fitness, relaxation, wellness

Rural tourism
- ecotourism = besides relaxation people work in farms rearing animals, participating in farming processes, i.e. dairying, processing of vines, taking care of horses, etc.

Event and gastronomic tourism
- music, theatre or beer festivals
- trying wines and meals of regions abroad

Shopping tourism
- to go for shopping abroad due to lower prices of goods, e.g. from SK to PL, CZ

Business tourism
- international/national/regional/local conferences, seminars, business trips, etc.

Keywords
- types and forms of tourism, destination, ecotourism, beer festivals